INVENTORY MANAGEMENT

Property Classifications

Equipment means tangible personal property (including informatechnology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a put acquisition cost of greater than or equal to \$5,000 (2 C.F.R. §200.33).

Supplies means all tangible personal property other than those classified as Equipment. A computing device is a supply if the acquisition cost is less than \$5,000, regardless of the length of its useful life (2 C.F.R. §200.94).

Computing devices means machines used to acquire, store, analyze, process, and publish data and other information electronically, including accessories (or "peripherates" printing, transmitting and receiving, or storing electronic information (2 C.F.R. §200.20).

Capital assetsneans tangible or intangible assets used in operations with a cost (if known) or fair market value greater than or equal to \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year to treplacement items.

In the case of modifications or upgrades, the cost is greater the approach \$5,000 for equipment, and \$10,000 for buildings and other improvements and the changes accomplish one or molicello fulling:

- 1. Prolongs the useful life of the asset
- 2. Adapts the asset to a new or different use
- 3. Substantially increases the value of the asset
- 4. Does not substantially replace a current asset

Capital assets include:

- x Land, buildings (facilities), equipment, and intellectual property (including software) whether acquired by purchase, construction, manufacture, leases, exchange, or through capital leases; and
- x Additions, improvements, modifications, replacements, rearrangements, reinstallationsations or alterations to capital assets that materially increase their value or usefullified in ary repairs and maintenance (2 C.F.R. §200.1t2).b (u)8 (i)2.9 (l)2.9 (40[(t)2i)2.9 (n)8 (g)-((s)5.5 (,)-1 (i)2.8 (s)5.5 (r)-as r 9 (er)ron(d)9 (er)etyt